# IBPS Clerk Preliminary -2021. ICP-2021-11008 <br> HINTS \& SOLUTIONS 

| ANSWER KEY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.(4) | 21.(1) | 41.(3) | 61.(2) | 81.(4) |
| 2.(5) | 22.(5) | 42.(3) | 62.(3) | 82.(1) |
| $3 .(1)$ | 23.(2) | 43.(2) | 63.(2) | 83.(3) |
| 4.(3) | 24.(4) | 44.(5) | 64.(1) | 84.(3) |
| $5 .(3)$ | 25.(3) | 45.(4) | 65.(4) | 85.(5) |
| $6 .(2)$ | 26.(2) | 46.(3) | 66.(1) | 86.(3) |
| 7.(2) | 27.(4) | 47.(4) | 67.(2) | 87.(2) |
| $8 .(4)$ | 28.(1) | 48.(1) | 68.(4) | 88.(3) |
| $9 .(1)$ | 29.(3) | 49.(5) | 69.(1) | 89.(4) |
| 10.(3) | 30.(5) | 50.(3) | 70.(1) | 90.(1) |
| 11.(1) | 31.(4) | 51.(2) | 71.(2) | 91.(2) |
| 12.(1) | 32.(3) | 52.(3) | 72.(5) | 92.(1) |
| 13.(2) | 33.(4) | 53.(1) | 73.(4) | 93.(3) |
| 14.(2) | 34.(1) | 54.(3) | 74.(3) | 94.(4) |
| 15.(3) | 35.(5) | 55.(3) | 75.(1) | 95.(5) |
| 16.(5) | 36.(4) | 56.(3) | 76.(4) | 96.(2) |
| 17.(2) | 37.(3) | 57.(1) | 77.(2) | 97.(1) |
| 18.(4) | 38.(2) | 58.(2) | 78.(2) | 98.(1) |
| 19.(2) | 39.(3) | 59.(2) | 79.(5) | 99.(5) |
| 20.(1) | 40.(2) | 60.(1) | 80.(1) | 100.(1) |

## HINTS \& SOLUTIONS

1.(4) a - "Warshaw just did not have enough time to program the game properly."
b-"Atari decided to skip testing due to time limitations."
c - "Unfortunately, Atari overestimated how many they would sell. They made 5 million copies and they only sold 1.5 million."
2.(5) Option (3) is correct as Many critics believed that Atari's blunder on E.T. was one of the causes leading to this depression. Option (1) and (2) are correct also.
3.(1) Refer to the 5th paragraph of the passage,"The graphics were bad. Game play was awkward. Players got stuck in holes that they couldn't escape. A short time limit made the game difficult to explore and frustrating to play."
4.(3) Refer to the 4th paragraph of the passage, "Atari decided to skip testing due to time limitations. They wanted the game released during the holiday season."
5.(3) Refer to the 5th paragraph of the passage, "Some people who stuck with the game grew to like it,"
6.(2) Refer to the 5th paragraph of the passage, "Unfortunately, Atari overestimated how many they would sell. They made 5 million copies and they only sold
12.(1)
13.(2)
14.(2)
15.(3)
16.(5)
17.(2)
1.5 million it wasn't the mainstream success that Atari had hoped it would be. "
Refer to the first paragraph of the passage, "It was based on a very popular film of the same name. It cost over 125 million dollars to make. Star programmer Howard Scott Warshaw created it with consultation from Steven Spielberg."
Scavenging means to search for and collect (anything usable) from discarded waste hence blight is the word most opposite in meaning.
Massive means large and heavy or solid hence derisory is the word most opposite in meaning.
Prior means existing or coming before in time, order, or importance hence anterior is the word most similar in meaning.
Instead of 'I shall pass' use 'I pass' will be used
Use 'has been' in place of 'is' as since + time is given.
Use 'of 'in place of 'with'.
Remove 'it' as the subject of 'was used' is 'stone'.
Remove 'the' from the sentence.
Compulsion means the action or state of forcing or being forced to do something; constraint.
Persuasion means the action or process of persuading someone or of being persuaded to do or believe something.
In the first filler (a), (c), (d) are fit in the 2nd filler only (b) and (d) can fit.
Commendable means deserving praise.
19.(2)
20.(1)

21-25.
21.(1)
23.(2)
26.(2)
28.(1)
31.(4)
32.(3)
33.(4)

Time required by leakage to empty be $x$
$\therefore \frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{x}=\frac{1}{10}$
or, $\frac{1}{x}=\frac{5-4}{40}=\frac{1}{40}$
or, $x=40$ hours.
34.(1) Perimeter of square plot $=4 \times \sqrt{462.25}$
$=4 \times 21.5=86$ feet
$\therefore$ Cost of fencing $=86 \times 34=$ Rs. 2924
35.(5) Let $I_{1}, r_{1}$ and $I_{2}, r_{2}$ be the length and radius of old and new wires respectively.
Then, $\pi r_{1}^{2} l_{1}=\pi r_{2}^{2} \ell_{2}$
or, $r_{1}^{2} \ell_{1}=\left(\frac{1}{4} r_{1}\right)^{2} \ell_{2}$
or, $\frac{\ell_{1}}{\ell_{2}}=\frac{1}{16}$
36.(4) Cost price of mixture $=324 \times \frac{100}{120}=$ Rs 270

$\therefore$ Required ratio $=2: 5$
37.(3)

$$
\mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{20}{100}\right)^{2}-\mathrm{P}-\frac{\mathrm{P} \times 2 \times 20}{100}=720
$$

$\Rightarrow \mathrm{P}=720 \times 25=$ Rs 18000
38.(2) Work done in 2 days $=\frac{1}{9}+\frac{1}{12}=\frac{7}{36}$
$\therefore$ in 10 days work done $=\frac{7}{36} \times 5=\frac{35}{36}$
Remaining work $=1-\frac{35}{36}=\frac{1}{36}$
Remaining work will be completed by A in $9 \times \frac{1}{36}=\frac{1}{4}$
Thus, total time taken to complete the work $=10 \frac{1}{4}$ days
39.(3) Area of rectangle or square $=125 \times 5=625 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
$\therefore$ parameter of square $=4 \times \sqrt{625}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
40.(2) Dimensions of the box formed $=50 \times 30 \times 5$

Therefore required capacity $=7500 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
41.(3) $\quad ?=\frac{33 \times 1331}{121}=363$.
42.(3) $\quad ?=\frac{0.5}{100} \times 674 \times \frac{0.8}{100} \times 225=6.066$
43.(2) $\quad ?=\frac{(854)^{3}-(276)^{3}}{(854)^{2}+(854 \times 276)+(276)^{2}}$
$=854-276=578$.
44.(5) $\quad ?=126+30+109=265$.
45.(4) $\quad ?=226.2 \times 6=1357.2$
46.(3) Required percentage $=\frac{1526}{1299} \times 100=117.48 \%$
47.(4) Required average
$=\frac{208+318+219+90+171}{5}=\frac{1006}{5} \approx 201$.
48.(1) Required percentage
$=\frac{7637-1486}{1486} \times 100 \approx 414 \%$.
49.(5) Not selected interviewees in HTC
$=259+541+198+296+249=1543$.
Not selected interviewees in APPLE
$=245+272+544+220+168=1449$.
Therefore required difference $=1543-1449=94$.
50.(3) Number of interviewees not selectec $=210$

Then, $x+\frac{110}{100} x=210$ Or, $x=\frac{210}{2.1}=100$.
i.e. Number of female interviewees $=100$.
51.(2) Required average $=\frac{315+335}{12}=54 \frac{1}{6} \%$
52.(3) Required income $=\frac{45 \times 500000}{100}+500000=$ Rs. $7,25,000$
53.(1) Expenditure of $A=\frac{1870000}{1.70}=$ Rs. 11 lakhs

Expenditure of $B=\frac{2030000}{1.45}=$ Rs. 14 lakhs
$\therefore$ Require percentage $=\frac{14-11}{11} \times 100 \approx 27 \%$
54.(3) Clearly from graph, since profit percent is max in 2013, So expenditure is minimum in year 2013
Now, Expenditure of B in $2013=\frac{340000}{1.7}=$ Rs. 2,00,000
55.(3) Ratio in $2008=\frac{40}{60} \approx 0.67$

Ratio in $2009=\frac{55}{45} \approx 1.22$
Ratio in $2011=\frac{65}{40} \approx 1.625$
Ratio in $2012=\frac{40}{45} \approx 1.56$
Ratio in $2013=\frac{60}{70} \approx 0.86$
56.(3) Series is $\times 2+1, \times 3+2, \times 4+3, \times 5+4, \times 6+5$

Therefore, ? $=719 \times 6+5=4319$.
57.(1) Series is $+1^{2}-1,+2^{2}-2,+3^{2}-3,+4^{2}-4,+5^{2}-5,+6^{2}-6$

Therefore, ? $=48+36-6=78$.
58.(2) Pattern is $5^{1}+5,4^{2}+4,3^{3}+3,2^{4}+2,1^{5}+1$
59.(2) Pattern is $\times 1+2, \times 2+3, \times 3+4, \times 4+5$

Therefore, $?=17 \times 3+4=55$.
60.(1) Pattern is $\div 7, \div 6, \div 5, \div 4, \div 3, \div 2$

Therefore, ? $=24 \div 3=8$.
61.(2) ? $=2400 \div 0.08=30000=3 \times 10^{4}$.
62.(3) $\quad ?=\frac{140-90}{49+16+169}=\frac{50}{234}=\frac{25}{117}$
63.(2) $\quad ?=44.4-16.4=28$
64.(1) $\quad ?=(243)^{(0.8-0.4+0.6)}+(243)^{0.2}$

Or, $?=243+(243)^{0.2}=243+3=246$.
65.(4)
$84+144=\frac{1440}{\mathrm{x}}$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{1440}{228}=5$.

| 66.(1) | $\mathrm{D}>\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{E}$ | (True) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{E}$ | (False) |
| 67.(2) | $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{Q} \geq \mathrm{P}$ | (False) |
|  | $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{M} \geq \mathrm{N}$ | (True) |
| 68.(4) | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{S}$ | (False) |
|  | $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{M}$ | (False) |
| 69.(1) | $\mathrm{S} \geq \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{U}>\mathrm{T}$ | (True) |
|  | $\mathrm{V} \geq \mathrm{Q}$ | (False) |
| 70.(1) | $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{J}>\mathrm{L} \geq \mathrm{W}$ | (True) |
|  | $\mathrm{M} \geq \mathrm{N}>\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{W} \leq \mathrm{L}$ | (False) |

71.(2)



| 96-100. | Word <br> park <br> the <br> play <br> to <br> go <br> of/chi <br> full <br> time | Code <br> ud <br> hu <br> kl <br> et <br> ge <br> dr/cx <br> bo <br> sy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96.(2) |  | 97.(1) |
| 98.(1) |  | 99.(5) |

100.(1)

Family Tree :

91.(2)
93.(3)
92.(1)
94.(4)
95.(5)

